

THE TRI-WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH.

VOL. 13

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY, MARCH 16, 1864.

NO. 294.

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will be published every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, by

HODGES, HUGHES & CO.,
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August 3, 1863-tf.

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Oct. 12, 1863-tf.

Executive, Military, and Judicial Directory of the State of Kentucky.

We publish, for the information of our readers, the following Directory of all the departments of the State Government of Kentucky: Executive Department.

GOVERNOR.

Thos. E. Bramlette, Frankfort.

GOVERNOR'S OFFICE.

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7th Dist.—Peter B. Muir, Louisville.

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Sept. 25, 1863

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[April 7, 1862-tf.]

J. WARNER,

DENTAL SURGEON.

FRANKFORT, KY.

OFFICE at Lewis B. Crutcher's, opposite the Capital of the State.

THE COMMONWEALTH.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 16, 1864.

Call for a Union Convention.

As the Union Democratic Party is made up of loyal men from the Bell, Breckinridge and Douglas Parties, and has its origin since the last National Convention, and as it has never by any authoritative convention identified itself with either of the National Parties of the Free States, and differ from both in some important ideas, we do not recognize the right of the majority of the Central Committee to fix the status of the party with either National Party of the Free States, or in either of their conventions, but believe that this pre-eminently belongs to the party in their convention.

And as by a recent act of the Legislature, Kentucky Soldiers, who would be legal voters if at home, are allowed to vote in the Presidential election, which gives them the right to be represented in the State Convention.

Therefore, as members of the Union Party, who still adhere to the great central idea of a restoration of the Union, and supremacy of the United States Constitution and Laws over the rebel States, and for the most efficient means and vigorous prosecution of the war, until the rebellion is subdued, we suggest a Union State Convention to be held at Louisville, on the 25th day of May, 1864, and that the Union men who still adhere to this supreme idea of maintaining the Government, in their several Counties, and the Soldiers of Kentucky in their various Regiments and Companies, hold primary meetings and appoint delegates to said Convention, and that they, in such primary assemblies, indicate whether they desire the delegates of the State to represent them in the Democratic Convention to be held at Chicago, July 4th, or in the Union Convention to be held at Baltimore, June 7th.

[We are compelled to omit the names in this issue.]

Governor's Bramlette's Address.

The loyal people of Kentucky will read with the profoundest delight the admirable paper from His Excellency, Governor BRAMLETTE, which it is our happiness to lay before them in this issue. He has met the crisis as the loyal Governor of the loyal and Union-loving State of Kentucky, in our view should have met it. The noble sentiments which the document breathes will stir a responsive chord in the breast of every Union man, and every gallant soldier that represents Kentucky in the great Union army. All will feel that the Governor is worthy of State, and the State is exalted in having such a Governor.

The conductors of the Louisville Journal know full well the name of the gentleman whose services the Publisher of the Commonwealth has engaged to assist him in the editorial management of his paper. For purity of life and character he is peer; if not the superior, of any of those who now manage and control that paper. You wish to know who can he be? We'll tell you: He is a native born Virginian—a practical printer by profession—and for many years was editor of one of the most respectable newspapers in Kentucky. As an editor he is courteous and gentlemanly towards those with whom he may differ—never using the low slang of a blackguard. Besides, in all his views and opinions in regard to the condition of the country, he coincides with those of the Publisher of the Commonwealth.

It is well known also to the conductors of the Journal, that Mr. HUGHES has nothing to do with the editorial management of the Commonwealth, nor is he responsible for any of its opinions. A card to this effect was published long since by Mr. Hughes in the Commonwealth, and doubtless the conductors of the Journal knew this when his name was unnecessarily thrust into the paragraph at the head of its article in Saturday's paper. But inasmuch as Mr. Hughes' name has been introduced by the Journal, we will do him the justice to say that, in all our conversations with him for more than a year past, we honestly believe that he has more of loyalty and liberality, both in head and heart, than all who control the Louisville Journal put together. Are you quite satisfied with our explanation?

THE PUBLISHER.

Col. S. D. BRUCE has been relieved from the command of the military post at Louisville, and Brigadier General HUGH EWING assigned to the position.

On the 11th instant, Brigadier General W. F. SMITH was nominated as Major General of Volunteers, vice Grant promoted. This is supposed to be preliminary to his assignment to command the Army of the Potomac as heretofore communicated.

Col. FRANK WOLFORD, a gallant soldier, was presented a sword and pistols at Lexington last Thursday. After his acceptance speech, he launched out into a partisan "conservative" stump speech, which is lauded to the skies by the rebels and rebel sympathizers, who hope they see in it a long step toward the consummation they are so devoutly praying for. These rejoicings of the traitors should convince the Colonel that he was decidedly wrong in his utterances; and that he was in very questionable company. We feel assured, that the gentleman who was the organ for presenting the sword to Col. WOLFORD, did not expect any such response from the Colonel, as he is reported to have made.

The conduct of Col. WOLFORD is regretted by every truly loyal man, and every reliable friend in the State. Let him, for his own sake, keep out of the ring of partisan controversies and conflicts, while he is in the army. It is the very fewest of men that can be a true, good soldier, and a prudent, wise statesman at the same time. Assuming to be so, is the rock on which has foundered some of our best military men; and we fear that Col. WOLFORD will have to be numbered with the number. But, he may retrieve himself, if he will eschew every thing but his duty—his whole duty as a military man, until the rebellion and insurrection is crushed. Then let him retire to the civil walks of life, study political economy; and the people of his day, and posterity, may honor him as a hero, and as a sage.

Letter from Rev. Dr. Breckinridge.

It is with feelings of peculiar pleasure that we present to our readers the annexed letter from Rev. R. J. BRECKINRIDGE, D. D. Its author is known to be one of the purest men, and most enlightened citizens that has added renown and honor to the State of Kentucky. As a Divine, he is known and revered in Europe as well as in America; and as a Statesman and Patriot, he stands in the eye of the Union as second to no other.

His words, in the subjoined letter, are few; but they are words of wisdom, as well of patriotism. We commend the people to read and ponder them; and may they sink deep into every mind, and produce fruit that will preserve our loyalty unimpeached and unimpeachable.

DANVILLE, Ky., March 11, 1864.

DEAR COLONEL:—Find enclosed \$4, which seems to be the price of the Tri-Weekly Commonwealth, for a year; if not, I will make it right.

I thank God, we have at length a paper in this State—that is willing to be loyal, without eternal abuse of the General Government and its acts; willing to understand that the claims of our whole country upon us, are paramount to the claims of any particular part; willing in good earnest, to aid in saving our National existence and perpetuating our national unity, independence and glory. And my old friendship for you, makes me glad that this paper, is yours.

In my opinion, the great need of our State, at this moment is, a strong and general movement of the loyal people, that will put the idea and the duty of the support of the Nation and the Government, clear above every secondary idea—so that every truly patriotic man may rally to it—irrespective of all divisions amongst them, on other points, no matter how important those other points might be, in other circumstances. If this can be done, the integrity of the loyal party, in this State, can be preserved, and the State will remain in its hands, under all ulterior events. If it cannot be done, the loyal party runs the risk of such divisions in itself, as to put every thing at hazard—now and hereafter. What we need is prompt and courageous action of the real loyal mass—irrespective of extreme opinions and extreme factions, right or left, one side or the other.

Your friend truly,

RO. J. BRECKINRIDGE.

Col. A. G. HODGES, Frankfort, Ky.

The "Conservatives."

An issue or so back, we warned the people to be on their guard against those leading men who have assumed to themselves the title of "Conservatives." They have professed heretofore to be with us; but now they have gone off, because, notwithstanding their professions, they evidently were never in heart with the Union party. Reckless of all political consequences, five of the late Central Committee of the Union Democratic party, have usurped authority, under guise of an appointment by a Union Convention, and are attempting to transfer the Unionists of Kentucky over to the tender mercies of the Peace Democracy.—the avowed friends of the Southern insurgents!

And this is not all. To our mind, the proposition is a clear one, that these conservatives are not only endeavoring to place the Union party of the State in the meshes of the treasonable net of the "Peace Democracy," but they are laboring to bring about a condition of affairs that will place Kentucky in the possession of the rebel forces.

We renew the warning to day, against those leaders who are professing to be "conservatives," as HUMPHREY MARSHALL, HENRY BURNETT, WILLIS B. MACHEN, WILLIAM PRESTON, JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE, JOHN MORGAN, JAS. B. CLAY, S. B. BUCKNER, and company, professed to be "peace men." They are innocent, according to their declarations,—very innocent of all disloyal thought,—indeed, like the traitors above named,—

"If their purgation did consist in words, They are as innocent as grace itself."

But their course can have but one result; and that will be, if they succeed in their aims, to inaugurate in Kentucky all the horrors of an internecine strife, far more devastating and desolating than has swept over Virginia, Missouri and Tennessee.

We would call upon these men to forbear; but it would be of no avail. They are pressing forward with a recklessness and a disregard of the awful consequences, as if Heaven had set the seal of madness to them, that they might be destroyed.

But we invoke the people, to be warned against their machinations. Their course is the same as that of the "peace" leaders of 1861. They are crying, "peace! peace!" when they know there is no peace; and that they are urging forward a programme that will inevitably bring the State and National Governments into conflict, and, in all human probability, into collision. They may not now mean it; but that will be the result of their mad schemes. They would see it, were it not that they are so blinded by their infatuation, that their minds are closed to every idea of discretion and prudence. The rebels and sympathizing traitors see, and exult in, the prospect it presents them; and in their exultations permit expressions to escape, which clearly show that they have anticipated the crisis, and have prepared for it. Hence has BRECKINRIDGE been sent to Western Virginia to invade Eastern Kentucky, and BUCKNER and MORGAN are preparing to take positions to invade the State at other points. The signal to move, is the conflict "Conservatives" are engineering to bring about.

And shall that signal be given? It is for the people of the State to determine. Let them arise in the might and majesty of their power, and teach these "Conservatives" at the primary meetings, in the State Convention, and at the ballot box, that they are true to their Government; and that they will remember those who "for power, the price of greatness, or revenge, would plunge Kentucky into civil war."

To the People of Kentucky.

FELLOW CITIZENS:

In view of the disturbance of the popular mind, produced by the enrollment of slaves for the army, in Kentucky, it is deemed prudent to make the following suggestions, for the benefit and guidance of the loyal people of Kentucky:

Your indignation should not move you to commit acts of violence, nor to unlawful resistance.

Standing as we have stood, and will ever stand, "for the Constitution, the Union, and the enforcement of the laws," we must quell the efforts of rebellion to overthrow our Government, by our gallant soldiers in the field, and meet and correct unjust or unconstitutional legislation by legitimate appeals to the constituted tribunals of the Government; and through the ballot box, displace, in the constituted modes, those who pervert or abuse the trusts committed to them. This is the only true mode of maintaining "the Constitution, the Union, and enforcement of the laws."

The mere act of enrolling the names of slaves, does not affect any right of the citizen. No draft has been ordered, nor do we know that a draft will be ordered. It may or it may not.

We should abide by and maintain the law; and pursue, in the modes provided, the remedy it affords. If any violence or wrong to the person or property of the citizen be committed by any officer or soldier, against the known laws of the land, make your "accusation" in the mode prescribed by law; and if the commanding officer refuses or neglects to use his utmost endeavors to arrest the officer or soldier under his command so accused, and hand him or them over to the civil magistrate for trial, when officially advised of the facts, the Executive of the State will prefer charges and demand a court martial.

In the Union, under the Constitution, and in accordance with law, assert and urge your rights.

It is our duty to obey the law until it is declared, by judicial decision, to be unconstitutional. The citizen whose property may be taken under it, for public use, will be entitled, under the imperative mandate of the Constitution, to a just compensation for his private property so taken for public use. Although the present Congress may not do us justice, yet it is safe to rely upon the justice of the American people; and an appeal to them will not be unheeded or unanswered. Peace restored, and the unity of our Government preserved, will drive to ignominious distance those who in the agony of our conflict perverted their sacred trusts to the base uses of partisan ends and fanatical purposes.

Uphold and maintain your Government as constituted, and obey and enforce its just demands, as the only hope of perpetuating free institutions.

THO. E. BRAMLETTE.

Frankfort, March 15, 1864.

Gen. GRANT left Louisville on Monday morning, on his way from Washington, for Nashville.

It is stated, that Gen. GRANT's headquarters, for the present, will be at Culpepper Court House, Virginia; and that, as soon as he can arrange matters with Gen. SHERMAN, his successor in the Department of Mississippi, he will go east.

Some men have all at once got to be excessively tender about the President having violated his oath. Now, it might be curious to see the record of some of these loud talking and oath regarding "Conservatives," and rebel sympathizers. How many of the men most loud in denunciation of the President have had contracts under Government, to feed horses and mules, or to furnish supplies? Did all of them show the same tender conscience in regard to their own oaths, that they feel for the President? How many thousands of dollars have many of these men received, on false reports and returns,—sworn to too at that?

Has it not been a universal thing, that many of these persons who are calling themselves "Conservatives" have been, and may now be Contractors of some kind under the Government? And is it not also as universal that some have made, and are making a good thing out of the Government, without regard to ways and means, or oaths?

The Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial states that the following military arrangements have been made, by order of the President:

First, Lieutenant General Grant is assigned to the command of the armies of the United States; second, Major General Halleck is relieved from duty as General-in-chief, and assigned to special duty at Washington, as Chief of the staff of the army; third, Major General Sherman is assigned to command the Military Division of the Mississippi lately commanded by General Grant, and comprising the Departments of the Ohio, Cumberland, Tennessee and Arkansas; fourth, Major General McPherson is assigned to the command of the Department of the Tennessee recently commanded by General Sherman; fifth, Lieutenant General Grant will establish his headquarters in the field with the respective armies operating under his personal supervision.

Reading matter on every page.

Lost.—A cluster diamond ring, and a small diamond breast-pin. Any person finding them, will be liberally rewarded, on returning them to this office.

Like the "peace men" of 1861, the "Conservatives" of to-day are woefully in the minority. They were foiled in all their schemes in the Legislature, at its late session, as the peace traitors were in 1861-'62. And like them, they are following the broad road to destruction. If go they will, let them go by themselves. Let the people not be precipitated by them into a conflict with their Government. If they desire to revolt and rebel against the Government; be it so. We have no doubt the rebels will rejoice at their accession, and Kentucky will be purer and cleaner from their absence.

INCREASE OF THE ARMY.—The gain to our armies since November 1st, 1863, is, by volunteer recruits, 200,000; by the draft of 1863, 40,000; by deserters returned, 25,000; by the invalid corps, 25,000; and by re-enlisted veterans, 100,000; total, 390,000. To this add 70,000 colored troops and 63,000 white recruits enlisted between the 1st of January and 1st of November, 1863, and we have 528,000 as the gain to our armies from January 1st, 1863, to February 28th, 1864. Deduct 125,000 as the casualties—disease and battles—for the year, and we have a net gain of near 400,000, all of which, except 63,000 has been made since November, 1st, 1863.

Presbytery of West Lexington. This Presbytery stands adjourned to meet at the Second Presbyterian Church, Lexington, Kentucky, at 7 o'clock, P. M., April 12, (second Tuesday,) 1864.

By order of J. S. HAYS, Moderator. Frankfort, March 4, 1864. tm.

LOST!

A CLUSTER DIAMOND RING, with the name "LUCY," engraved inside; also a small DIAMOND BREAST-PIN. A liberal reward will be paid for their return to the Commonwealth office. Frankfort, March 16, 1864.—lt

NOTICE.

COMMITTED to the jail of Marshall county, Ky., on the 25th day of February, 1864. MANDA, a runaway slave, aged 18 years, 5 feet high, copper color; the property, as she says, of Brice Greer.

HENRY L. MINTER, J. M. C. Benton, Ky., March 16, 1864.—lm.

PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned will offer at public sale, to the highest bidder,

On Thursday, March 24, 1864,

at the late residence of John B. Lindsey, Woodford county, the

Stock, Farming Implements, Crop, &c.,

of T. N. & J. D. Lindsey. Also, some NEGROES to hire for the balance of the year.

TERMS OF SALE.

The Property will be sold on a credit of three months, for all sums over \$10; for that amount and under, the cash will be required. Purchasers on credit will be required to give a bond and approved security, bearing interest from date, until paid.

T. N. LINDSEY, J. B. LINDSEY.

March 16, 1864.—tds.

Merchants and Milliners

WILL FIND WITH

DEVOU & CO.,

83 and 85 Pearl Street, Cincinnati,

THE most elegant and varied assortment of

MILLINERY GOODS in the West.

RIBBONS, SILKS & FLOWERS.

Ladies and Misses Straw Hats

and Bonnets.

Our long experience in this branch enables us to present the BEST STYLES at the LOWEST PRICES.

Our SHAWL and MANILLA Stock is now complete.

Orders will receive prompt attention.

DEVOU & CO.,

83 & 85 Pearl Street Cincinnati.

March 16, 1864.—jt

Administrator's Sale of Land.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

John G. Price's adm'r, p/r, vs. John G. Price's heirs, &c., de'fts, } In Equity.

By virtue of a decree of the Franklin Circuit Court, I will,

On Monday, April 18th, 1864,

(county court day), sell, at public auction, at the Court House in Frankfort, all the TRACT OF LAND, upon which Dr. John G. Price resided at his death, and which he bought of Jas. B. Wilkerson, containing 105 1/2 Acres, except 28 acres heretofore sold to Cadwallader Lewis. The part to be sold is subject to the dower of Mrs. Susan R. Price, in 23 acres, allotted to her.

TERMS OF SALE.

Six and twelve months credit, secured by bond with good surety, having the force of a replevin bond, and bearing interest from date.

This cause having been referred to me to marshal the assets and audit the debts of said estate; creditors are required, by order of Court, to file their claims properly proven, before me, by the 1st day of June, 1864, also they will be barred.

GEO. W. GWIN.

Master Com'r Franklin Circuit Court.

[Harlan & Harlan, Attorneys.]

March 16, 1864.—tds.

Ladies Look at This.

A FINE and varied stock of

CLOAKS AND SACQUES,

ranging in price from \$8 to \$35 opened and for sale this day, MONDAY, JANUARY 11TH, also Shawls, Cloaks for Cloaks, Flannels, Cassimeres, Jeans, Linsey, Table and Irish Linens, Prints, Delaines, and other DRESS GOODS. Brown and Bleached Cottons, at nearly all prices. Kid Gloves, Hosiery, Under Wear, Shaker Hosiery, Balmorals, and a variety of other goods and notions too numerous to mention. All of which will be sold at small profits, by the undersigned at the Brick Office opposite J. L. Moore & Son, on Main

Jan. 11, 1864.—ft.

J. B. LAMPTON.

THE COMMONWEALTH.

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

A Loyal Newspaper, Devoted to Maintaining the Government in Putting Down the Insurrection.

A lengthy prospectus is unnecessary. Suffice it, that the Commonwealth is an uncompromising Union paper, and no effort will be spared to make it worthy the confidence and patronage of every loyal person.

That its influence may be exerted and felt for good, the Commonwealth must look for support to the People, and to the People alone. It has no official patronage to depend upon. Let the People, to whom it appeals, give it a generous and hearty encouragement—a patronage that will cause it to be found in every loyal house—an ardent advocate of the best interests of Kentucky.

Subscriptions are respectfully requested. Persons obtaining ten subscribers, and sending the money, will be entitled to one copy gratis.

Terms—Tri-Weekly, per year..... \$4 00

Weekly, per year..... 2 00

The terms are low; and considering the great increase in price of paper, &c., requires that the subscription should be a large one. Will friends everywhere exert themselves?

Address, A. G. HODGES,

Frankfort, Kentucky.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

House and Lot for Sale.

We wish to sell our DWELLING HOUSE and LOT, in the city of Frankfort.

C. BRAKE,

J. P. METCALFE.

March 16, 1864.—twtf.

If you want good old GUNPOWDER

GREEN TEA, go to Gray & Saffell's. We

have tried it, and pronounce it extra fine.

December 25, 1863.—tf.

MATCALFE'S REPORT—volumes 1, 2 and 3—for sale at S. C. Bull's Book store.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 16, 1863.

On the 22d of July last I submitted, through an agent of mine, to the Medical Director of the Department of the Cumberland a sample of my Cedron Bitters for his inspection, and requested if, after analysis he found it meritorious, to sanction and approve its use among our soldiers.

The following is the Medical Director's reply, and also Gen. Rosecrans' permission to ship 300 dozen at once to have it sold to Soldiers.

JOHN BULL.

"I am satisfied that Cedron Bitters will do no harm to any one, if taken properly and in moderation. I see no objection to Dr. Bull's being permitted to dispose of it to Soldiers."

"A. HENRY THURSTON,

"Surgeon and Medical Director, D. C."

"HEAD-QUARTERS DEPT. OF THE CUMBER,"

"NASHVILLE, TENN., July 24, 1863."

"Dr. John Bull's agent, Mr. —, has permission to ship to Nashville, Tenn., twenty-five gross (or 300 dozen) of Bull's Cedron Bitters, for sale to Soldiers in the army only."

"The regulations of the Treasury Department are to be complied with strictly."

"By command of Maj. Gen. ROSECRANS."

"WM. M. MILES,

"Major and Provost Marshal General."

Special Permit.

U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE,

NASHVILLE, TENN., Aug. 12, 1863.

Dr. John Bull's agent, Mr. —, has permission to transport to the front, via railroad or pike, within the Federal lines, for the use of the army, (140) one hundred and forty boxes of Bull's Cedron Bitters.

J. R. DILLIN,

Per WILL S. HALL,

Surveyor of Customs.

A VOICE FROM VICKSBURG.

"Vicksburg, Miss., Aug. 9, 1863.

"Dr. John Bull:

"DEAR SIR—I am happy to state you that I have used your valuable Cedron Bitters, with great benefit to myself, in general debility and prostration of my system, produced by the unhealthy and miasmatic influences of the Mississippi River and around Vicksburg, having been with Gen. Grant's army throughout its whole southern campaign. I confidently recommend it to all persons who are exposed in unhealthy climates."

H. W. FOULLE,

"Agent U. S. Sanitary Commission."

January 1, 1864.—6m.

NOTICE

I hereby given, to all whom it may concern that I have in my custody, in the Nicholas county jail, a NEGRO MAN, who was committed to jail a few days ago, as a runaway. Said negro man is a native of a bright copper color, about 5 feet 8 inches high, weighs about 150 pounds, is rather a likely looking boy. Says his name is SAM JOHNSON, and that he formerly belonged to one Wm. Burdine, of Russell county, Virginia.

The owner of said man can have him by proving his property and paying all legal fees and charges.

J. M. DALLAS, J. N. C.

March 4, [Feb. 23,] 1864.—lm.

NOTICE TO CITY TAX-PAYERS—

APPEAL MEETING.

THE ASSESSOR HAVING RETURNED HIS list of taxable property, for the present year, according to law, notice is hereby given to persons feeling themselves aggrieved by the valuation of the Assessor, to appear before the Mayor and Council, at a meeting to be held ON FRIDAY THE FIRST DAY OF APRIL NEXT, AT 7 O'CLOCK, P. M., with the evidence to show the true valuation of their property.

G. W. GWIN, Mayor.

Attest: J. W. BACHELOR, Clerk C. C. F.</

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Nation's Prayer.

BY BENJ. KETZ, D. D., OF BALTIMORE.

Saviour, God, on bended knees,
The people cry to Thee.
From land to farthest sea,
God save the Union!

Oh, Thou, who dwell'st on high,
Look down, with help draw nigh,
And hear the secret sigh—
God save the Union!

Hold Thou our nation's hand,
Bid us arise and stand,
Once more a rescued land—
God save the Union!

Grant us Thy presence, Lord;
Sovereign! Thine arm afford;
Father! Faith Thy will—
God save the Union!

Thou hast given gladness long,
Make us in trials strong,
Tune our heart to victory's song—
God save the Union!

Disperse the nation's fears,
Dry the soldier's tears,
Succor our trying years,
God save the Union!

Break through the awful gloom,
Grant us life's dearest boon,
In peace once more to bloom—
God save the Union!

Thou who has sent the blow,
Wisdom and light bestow,
Beneath this cloud of woe—
God save the Union!

WOMAN'S LOVE.—A man who had struggled with a malignant disease approached that crisis in its stage on which his life seemed to depend. His anxious wife, scarcely daring to breathe, was sitting by his bed, her servants, exhausted by constant watching, had all left her. It was past midnight, a door was open for air, she heard, in the stillness of the night, a window open below stairs, and soon after approaching footsteps. A moment more, and a man with his face disguised entered the room. She instantly saw her husband's danger; and anticipating the design of the unwelcome intruder, she pointed to her husband, and pressing her finger upon her lips to ensure silence, held out to the robber her purse and keys. To her great surprise, he took neither. Whether he was terrified or charmed by the whet of her affection, cannot be known. He left the room, and without robbing a house sanctified by such strength of affection, he departed.

TAKING UP BULBS.—A correspondent, says the Horticultural editor of the Iowa Homestead, asks for information about bulbs, whether it is absolutely necessary to take up, every year, tulips, hyacinths, crocus, gladiolus, and other hardy bulbs.

If for mere display, that is for private gardens, it is not necessary. For those who raise to sell it is best, as by so doing they are enabled to have their bulbs in a better state for shipment, besides, that they propagate finer individual bulbs by so doing. The usual way for this purpose is, to take up as soon in the summer as the foliage dies down; dry the bulbs somewhat, and then preserve them in bags or something similar until the fall, which is the time for planting. The largest are usually selected for sale, while the small are transplanted for next year's crop. Much larger bulbs will be got this way than to let them occupy the same place without removing.

For private gardens they may be left for two or three years without removal, and will generally be more satisfactory after than the first year; because the bulbs will have multiplied and each bunch send up several flowers, instead of singly, as will be the case with those the first year. So far as each individual flower is concerned they will not be so fine perhaps, but as effect of the whole is of more importance, this is generally overlooked. Except planted a large distance apart it will be advantageous to replant, at least every three years, or they will get too thick and grow up too near the top of the soil. Those who delight in the fine display of spring bulbs, should not spare the manure, which should be quite rotten and well incorporated with the soil. A soil approaching a sandy nature is the best, and when sand is lacking naturally, some river or other sand may be added with beneficial results.

Rockaway and Buggy.
I HAVE A LIGHT ONE HORSE ROCKAWAY AND BUGGY which I will sell low for the CASH to close out the business. Call soon.
A. C. HEMING.
Frankfort March 7, 1864—1m.

Military Furnisher!
GEORGE W. POHLMAN,
No. 102 WEST FOURTH STREET,
CINCINNATI, O.

[Established 1851.]
OFFICERS' Uniforms, Overcoats, Saddles, Swords, Belts, Sashes, gold embroidered and metal Straps, Regimental Hats and Caps, Camp Cots, Stoves, Mess, Regimental and National Flags, &c.
January 26, 1863.

RODMAN & BLACKBURN.
ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING ADDITIONS to their stock of
Fancy and Staple Dry Goods,
That they are selling
LOW FOR CASH.
And they will exchange goods for WOOL, LINSEY, JEANS, SOCKS, &c., &c.
Nov. 18, 1863—4m.

PITKIN, WIARD & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

SEEDS,
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
MACHINES, TREES, PLANTS,
HYDRAULIC CEMENT, LIME, PLASTER.
**311 MAIN STREET,
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.**
We have always in store a large stock of

CLOVER,
TIMOTHY,
BLUE GRASS,
ORCHARD GRASS, AND
OTHER KINDS OF SEEDS.
Our stock of IMPLEMENTS embraces nearly everything used by the planter. We have been engaged in the SEED BUSINESS in Louisville for ten years, and believe that we fully understand the wants of the public.
Our ANNUAL ALMANAC AND CATALOGUE OF SEEDS AND IMPLEMENTS will be forwarded promptly on application.
PITKIN, WIARD & CO.
Mr. WM. A. GAINES is our authorized Agent in Frankfort, and will keep a complete assortment of our Garden and Flower Seeds on hand. He will also take orders for all kinds of Implements wanted, at Louisville prices, with freight added.
January 11, 1864—2m.

CAPITAL HOTEL, FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

WE have leased the Capital Hotel for a term of years. It is understood to say more to our friends, and to those who have been in the habit of stopping at the Capital, than that it is our intention to try and keep such a Hotel as will give satisfaction to our guests.

A. G. HODGES,
JNO. N. CRUTCHER.

P. S.—Mr. CRUTCHER will have charge of the office, and give general superintendence.
Frankfort, Ky., May 5, 1862—May 14—1f.

Proclamation by the Governor.

\$500 REWARD.
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Whereas, it has been made known to me that JOHN W. PHILLIPS, under indictment of the Harrison Circuit Court for the murder of John Whelan, has fled from his bail bond, and is now going at large.

Now, therefore, I, THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby offer a reward of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension of the said John W. Phillips, and his delivery to the jailer of Harrison county, within one year from the date hereof.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 12th day of Feb., A. D. 1864, and in the 72d year of the Commonwealth.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.
By the Governor,
E. L. VAN WINKLE, Secretary of State.
By JAS. R. PAGE, Assistant Secretary.
Feb. 12, 1864—wktw3m.

Proclamation by the Governor.

\$500 REWARD.
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Whereas, it has been made known to me that DAVID A. HAMILTON, of Glasgow, Ky., was murdered by two unknown persons, in the Pleasant View Baptist Church, on the turnpike leading from West Point to Elizabethtown, in Hardin county, who have fled from justice, and are now going at large.

Now, therefore, I, THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby offer a reward of TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS for the apprehension and conviction of each of said murderers, if apprehended within one year from the date hereof.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 8th day of November, A. D. 1863, and in the 72d year of the Commonwealth.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.
By the Governor,
E. L. VAN WINKLE, Secretary of State.
By JAS. R. PAGE, Assistant Secretary.

DESCRIPTION.

The two men were both young men, and one about 18 or 20 years old, and of slender make; the other 20 or 22 years old, heavy set; both with light hair, the oldest one with long sandy beard.
Nov. 6, 1863—wktw3m.

Proclamation by the Governor.

\$250 REWARD.
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Whereas, it has been made known to me that one GEORGE W. MCKINNEY, on or about the 19th day of January, 1864, murdered John R. Dutton, in the county of Mercer, and is now a fugitive from justice, and is going at large.

Now, therefore, I, THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby offer a reward of TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS for the apprehension of the said GEO. W. MCKINNEY, and his delivery to the jailer of Mercer county, within one year from the date hereof.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 24th day of February, A. D. 1864, and in the 72d year of the Commonwealth.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.
By the Governor,
E. L. VAN WINKLE, Secretary of State.
By JAS. R. PAGE, Assistant Secretary.
Feb. 29, 1864—wktw3m.

Proclamation by the Governor.

\$250 REWARD.
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Whereas, it has been represented to me that LEWIS BAKER under indictment in the Breckinridge Circuit Court for the murder of Davis E. Crawford, has made his escape from the Hardinsburg jail of said county, and is now going at large.

Now, therefore, I, THOMAS E. BRAMLETTE, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby offer a reward of TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS for the apprehension of the said Lewis Baker, and his delivery to the Jailor of Breckinridge county, within one year from the date hereof.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort this 11th day of Jan., A. D. 1864, and in the 72d year of the Commonwealth.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.
By the Governor,
E. L. VAN WINKLE, Secretary of State.
By JAS. R. PAGE, Assistant Secretary.

DESCRIPTION.

Said Baker is about 23 or 24 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, weighs about 150 pounds, light hair, fair skin, grey eyes, and has very little to say to any one.
Jan. 11, 1864—wktw3m.

UNITED STATES MAIL.

KENTUCKY.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
JANUARY 14, 1864.

PROPOSALS will be received at the Contract Office of the Department until 3 P. M. of March 31, 1864, to be decided by April 25, 1864, for carrying the MAILS of the United States from July 1, 1864, to June 30, 1866, on the following route, in the State of Kentucky, and by the schedule of departures and arrivals herein specified, viz:

701. From Vanceburg, by Kinney Mills and Mouth of Laurel, to Olive Hill, 30 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Vanceburg Thursday at 8 a.m.;
Arrive at Olive Hill Friday at 7 p.m.;
Leave Olive Hill Friday at 8 a.m.;
Arrive at Vanceburg by 7 p.m.

For laws relating to contracts for the conveyance of Mails; forms of proposal, guarantee, and certificate; and for instructions to bidders and postmasters, see the pamphlet "Advertisement of January 14, 1864," at the principal post office specified, viz: M. BLAIR, Postmaster General.
Feb. 24, 1864—twkwm.

Vacant Lot in South Frankfort FOR SALE.

I WISH to sell the vacant lot in South Frankfort in the rear of my residence and opposite the corner of Rev. J. N. Norton's property, one and a half squares from the bridge. A good bargain will be given.
MRS. GEO. W. TRIPLETT.
Frankfort, August 12th, 1863—1f.

H. SAMUEL, CITY BARBER, FRANKFORT.

Rooms under Commonwealth Office.

If you want your Hair Trimmed, Face Shaved or your Head Shampooed, go to H. SAMUEL'S BARBER SHOP.
Feb. 8, 1860.

Proclamation of the Governor.

\$250 REWARD.
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Whereas, it has been made known to me that JOHN SPENCER did, on the day of — 186—, murder, in Scott county, David C. Carrington, and is now going at large.

Now, therefore, I, THOMAS E. BRAMLETTE, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby offer a reward of two hundred and fifty dollars for the apprehension of the said John Spencer, and his delivery to the jailer of Scott county, within one year from the date hereof.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 27th day of January, A. D. 1864, and in the 72d year of the Commonwealth.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.
By the Governor,
E. L. VAN WINKLE, Secretary of State.
By JAS. R. PAGE, Assistant Secretary.

Proclamation by the Governor.

\$650 REWARD.
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Whereas, it has been made known to me that, on the night of the 23d day of February, 1864, the following named persons made their escape from the Franklin county jail:

ALEXANDER BURK, charged with murder; AB. BRIDGEMAN, charged with shooting his wife, WM. JOHNSON, convicted to one year's confinement in Kentucky Penitentiary; JOHN ANDERSON, charged with grand larceny.

Now, therefore, I, THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby offer a reward of Two Hundred dollars for Alexander Burk, and One Hundred and Fifty dollars each, for Ab. Bridgeman, Wm. Johnson, and John Anderson, for their apprehension and delivery to the jailer of Franklin county, within one year from the date hereof.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 24th day of February, A. D. 1864, and in the 72d year of the Commonwealth.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.
By the Governor,
E. L. VAN WINKLE, Secretary of State.
By JAMES R. PAGE, Assistant Secretary.

Proclamation by the Governor.

\$100 REWARD.
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Whereas, it has been made known to me that RIAL, a slave belonging to W. B. Galaway, of Scott county, did on the day of — 186—, murder Jeremiah Martin, of said county, and is now going at large.

Now, therefore, I, THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby offer a reward of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension of the said RIAL, property of the said W. B. Galaway, and his delivery to the jailer of Scott county, within one year from the date hereof.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 27th day of Jan., A. D. 1864, and in the 72d year of the Commonwealth.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.
By the Governor,
E. L. VAN WINKLE, Secretary of State.
By JAS. R. PAGE, Assistant Secretary.

DESCRIPTION.

The Rial is about 45 years old, 5 feet 3 inches high, rather small, black, with the front lower forehead out, speaks slow and low, and has a humble appearance.

Proclamation by the Governor.

\$250 REWARD.
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Whereas, it has been made known to me that, LEWIS THOMPSON, under indictment in the Union Circuit Court, for the murder of Van Austin, has made his escape from the Union county jail, and is now going at large.

Now, therefore, I, THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby offer a reward of TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS for the apprehension of the said Thompson, and his delivery to the jailer of Union county within one year from the date hereof.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 17th day of Nov., A. D. 1863, and in the 72d year of the Commonwealth.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.
By the Governor,
E. L. VAN WINKLE, Secretary of State.
By JAS. R. PAGE, Assistant Secretary.

DESCRIPTION.

He is about 40 years of age, 6 feet high, heavy built, light hair, and blue eyes.
Nov. 17th, 1863—wktw3m.

Proclamation by the Governor.

\$250 REWARD.
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Whereas, it has been made known to me that a negro man named BOB, the property of Thomas Harris, was sentenced to be hung on the 11th of December next, for the murder of Johnson Harris, who has made his escape from the Union county jail, and is now going at large.

Now, therefore, I, THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby offer a reward of TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS for the apprehension of the said BOB, and his delivery to the jailer of Union county within one year from the date hereof.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort this 17th day of Nov., A. D. 1863, and in the 72d year of the Commonwealth.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.
By the Governor,
E. L. VAN WINKLE, Secretary of State.
By JAS. R. PAGE, Assistant Secretary.

DESCRIPTION.

Bob is about 20 years of age, five feet six inches high, dark color, compactly built, left handed, and weighs about 150 pounds.
Nov. 17, 1863—wktw3m.

Proclamation by the Governor.

\$750 REWARD.
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Whereas, it has been made known to me that JOHN MULLINS, MICHAEL RICHARDS, and BAL DANIELS, (alias Bal Jones) did on the 10th of October, 1863, murder James Edwards, of Adair county, and that the said murderers are now going at large.

Now, therefore, I, THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby offer a reward of TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS for the apprehension of each of said murderers, and their delivery to the jailer of Adair county, within one year from the date hereof.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 27th day of Nov., A. D. 1863, and in the 72d year of the Commonwealth.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.
By the Governor,
E. L. VAN WINKLE, Secretary of State.
By JAS. R. PAGE, Assistant Secretary.

DESCRIPTIONS.

John Mullins is a low, heavy set man, with a scar on one of his cheeks.
Michael Richards is a dark skin, black eyed man, slender, about 5 feet 8 inches high.
Bal Daniels, alias Bal Jones, is a large, light haired, light eyed, rufian looking man, near 6 feet high, weighs 170 or 180 pounds. All profess to be Tennessee refugees.
Nov. 27, 1863—wktw3m.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

ETNA INSURANCE COMPANY.

On the 1st day of July, A. D. 1863, made to the Auditor of the State of Kentucky, in compliance with an act entitled, "an act to regulate Agents of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved 3d March, 1856.

THE name of the corporation is ETNA INSURANCE COMPANY, and is located at Hartford, Connecticut.

The capital is FIFTEEN HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS, and is paid up.

ASSETS.

Real Estate unencumbered, \$87,963 13
Cash on hand and in Bank, 38,900 92
Cash in the hands of Agents and in transit, 111,968 05
Hartford, P. & F. Railroad, Mortgage Bonds, 7 per cent., semi-annual interest, 3,500 4,000 00
Oleland & P. A. Railroad, Mortgage Bonds, 7 per cent., semi-annual interest, 10,000 12,200 00
N. Y. Central Railroad, (Overland) Mortgage Bonds, 7 per cent., semi-annual interest, 10,000 12,200 00
Cleveland & T. Railroad, (S. F.) Mortgage Bonds, 7 per cent., semi-annual interest, 25,000 27,750 00
Michigan, S. & N. I. R. R., (2d Mort.) Mortgage Bonds, 7 per cent., semi-annual interest, 25,000 27,750 00
Michigan, S. & N. I. R. R., (2d Mort.) Mortgage Bonds, 7 per cent., semi-annual interest, 25,000 27,750 00
P. & W. & C. Railroad, Mortgage Bonds, 7 per cent., semi-annual interest, 25,000 27,750 00
Atlantic Dock Co., Mortgage Bonds, 7 per cent., semi-annual interest, 20,000 22,000 00
Hartford & N. H. R. R. Co., Mortgage Bonds, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 35,000 41,800 00
N. Y. Central Railroad Co., Mortgage Bonds, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 30,000 32,400 00
N. J. R. R., & Trans. Co., Mortgage Bonds, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 19,000 19,000 00
Conn. River Railroad Co., Mortgage Bonds, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 10,000 10,000 00
Little Miami Railroad Co., Mortgage Bonds, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 3,000 3,300 00
Michigan Central R. R. Co., Mortgage Bonds, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 10,000 12,100 00
Brooklyn City Bonds, 7 per cent., semi-annual interest, 25,000 23,000 00
Brooklyn City Bonds, (Water), 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 25,000 29,250 00
New York City Bonds, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 75,000 86,250 00
Hartford City Bonds, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 35,000 42,940 00
Hartford City Scrip, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 26,000 26,000 00
Town of Hartford Bonds, 1853 & 1855, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 60,000 67,200 00
Jersey City Water Bonds, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 25,000 23,500 00
United States Coupon Bonds 1874, 5 per cent., semi-annual interest, 205,000 200,900 00
United States Coupon Bonds 1875, 5 per cent., semi-annual interest, 125,000 135,000 00
United States 5-20s, Coupon Bonds 1852, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 100,000 100,000 00
U. S. Treasury Notes, (Aug. 1862) 7-30, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 57,300 60,165 00
Ky. State Stock, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 10,000 10,500 00
N. Y. State Stock, 6 per cent., quarterly interest, 31,000 35,650 00
N. J. State Stock, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 15,000 15,450 00
Conn. State Stock, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 10,000 10,500 00
Ohio State Stock, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 100,000 112,000 00
Michigan State Stock, 6 per cent., semi-annual interest, 25,000 26,000 00
Indiana State Stock, 2 1/2 per cent., semi-annual interest, 70,000 45,000 00
Temporary loan to the State of Connecticut, with accrued interest, 101,550 70
Atlantic Mutual Insurance Co. Scrip, 1862, 1863, 18,890 15,850 00
500 Shares Hartford and N. Haven R. R. Co. Stock, 50,000 90,000 00
250 Shares Conn. River R. Co. Stock, 25,000 26,300 00
107 Shares Boston and Worcester R. R. Co. Stock, 10,700 15,315 00
50 Shares Conn. River Co. Stock, 5,000 1,250 00
50 Shares Citizens' Bk's S'tk., Waterbury, Conn., 5,000 3,250 00
50 Shares Stafford Bk's S'tk., Conn. Springs, Conn., 5,000 5,150 00
35 Shares Eagle Bk's S'tk., Providence, R. I., 1,800 1,800 00
200 Shares Reverse Bk's S'tk., Boston, Mass., 20,000 21,000 00
100 Shares Safety Fund Bk's S'tk., Boston, Mass., 10,000 10,300 00
200 Shares Bk's of the State, Mo. S'tk., St. Louis, Mo., 20,000 16,000 00
100 Shares Merchants Bank Stock, St. Louis, Mo., 10,000 9,000 00
200 Shares Mechanics Bank Stock, St. Louis, Mo., 20,000 18,000 00
400 Shares Farmers and Merchants Bk's S'tk., Phil. Pa., 40,000 22,800 00
100 Shares Bk's of Hartford, Conn., 10,000 14,700 00
100 Shares Bank of Hartford, Conn., 5,000 5,500 00
200 Shares City Bank Stock, Hartford, Conn., 20,000 21,000 00
100 Shares Charter Oak Bk's S'tk., Hartford, Conn., 10,000 9,900 00
275 Shares Exchange Bank Stock, Hartford, Conn., 13,750 13,750 00
440 Shares Farmers & Merchants Bank S'tk., Hartford, Conn., 44,000 51,040 00
500 Shares Hartford Bk's S'tk., Hartford, Conn., 50,000 71,500 00
100 Shares Merchants & Manufacturers Bk's S'tk., R. I. Co., 10,000 10,500 00
300 Shares Phoenix Bk's S'tk., Hartford, Conn., 30,000 32,100 00
250 Shares State Bk's S'tk., Hartford, Conn., 25,000 30,300 00
150 Shares Conn. Riv. Bk's S'tk., Hartford, Conn., 7,500 11,250 00
400 Shares Am. Ext. Bk's S'tk., N. Y. City, 40,000 42,000 00
90 Shares Bk's of N. Y. City, 9,000 39,000 00
800 Shares Broadway Bank S'tk., N. Y. City, 20,000 32,000 00
800 Shares Butchers & Drovers Bk's S'tk., N. Y. City, 20,000 25,000 00
100 Shares City Bk's S'tk., N. Y. City, 10,000 14,000 00
100 Shares Bank of Com'th Stock, N. Y. City, 10,000 10,000 00
200 Shares Bk's of Commerce Stock, N. Y. City, 20,000 20,400 00
100 Shares Hanover Bk's S'tk., N. Y. City, 10,000 10,000 00
300 Shares Importers and Traders Bk's S'tk., N. Y. City, 30,000 31,800 00
100 Shares Mercantile Bank Stock, N. Y. City, 10,000 13,000 00
200 Shares Market Bk's S'tk., N. Y. City, 20,000 20,000 00
1200 Shares Mechanics Bk's S'tk., N. Y. City, 30,000 35,400 00
200 Shares Merchants Ex. Bk's S'tk., N. Y. City, 10,000 10,000 00
400 Shares Metropolitan Bk's S'tk., N. Y. City, 40,000 40,000 00
820 Shares Merchants Bank Stock, N. Y. City, 41,000 44,250 00
400 Shares Manhattan City Bk's S'tk., N. Y. City, 20,000 28,000 00

LIABILITIES.

The amount of Liabilities due or not due to banks and other creditors, None.
Losses adjusted and due, None.
Losses adjusted and not due, \$ 5,028 83
Losses unadjusted, in suspense, or waiting for further proof, 137,107 12
All claims against the Company are small, for printing, &c.